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To: The Presidents

Personally to the chief of state

Subject: Elucidation of the crime against the standards of international law within the European Union.

ATTENTION!!! THE DEADLINE!!!

Esteemed chief of the state.

### Hereby I notify you:

Your state is a member of the European Union. The European Union is regarded as an international entity from the date of signing of the Lisbon Treaty. As the derivation, it retrieves its international legal capacity from the same of its entities-founders. The international legal personality of the European Union, as an international institution, applies to its members only.

### Hereby I notify you:

That, in case of the crimes against standards of the international law within the European Union, as a rule, the superiors' responsibilities for joint social liability are subject to examination. That, in case of the culpable infringement of responsibility by a superior, the interstate exemption against the international criminal prosecution does not apply.

### Hereby I notify you:

A state-member of the European Union, Federal Republic of Germany, has committed a crime against the standards of international law within the European Union on the German land and probably, continues committing it still.

# Hereby I notify you:

From 1949, on the German land, the following crimes against the standards of international law stipulated in the latter were committed as follows:

# § 7 Humanity crime

Whoever, who, within the scope of continuous and regular encroachment against the civil population,

- 2. with an intention, in whole or in part, to destroy the population, to put it, or the parts thereof, under the living conditions suitable for conduction of the complete or partial destruction,
- 8. Injures other person greatly, especially, by the manner specified in § 226 of the Criminal Code,
- 9. Deprives the person greatly, with the infringement of general rules of International law, of the physical liberty or
- 10. Pursues the identifiable group or community depriving it, by political reasons, of the fundamental human rights or limiting those considerably,

### § 8 Personal war crime

Whoever, who, within the frameworks of a non-international armed conflict,

- 3. Severely or inhumanly treats a person amenable to protection under the standards of international humanitarian law by injuring him considerably, or making him suffering, particularly, putting him to torture,
- 4. Exposes a person amenable to protection under the standards of international humanitarian law to sexual harassment or rape, deprives of fertility
- 7. Inflicts or executes, against a person amenable to protection under the standards of international humanitarian law, a substantial punishment, custodial punishment, without sentencing of the person within the impartial trial, which provides the relevant legal safeguards pursuant to the international law,
- 8. Brings a person amenable to protection under the international humanitarian law closer to the situation at knifepoint or a severe health damage,
  - a) Makes the experiments on a person, who did not give a consent on them previously on one's own free will and which are neither necessary medically nor conducted in their interests,
  - b) Takes, from such person, tissues or organs for the transplantation, unless the blood and skin samplings are taken for treatment, pursuant to the conventional medical principles, for which the person did not give a consent previously on one's own free will or
  - *c)* The unadmitted treatment methods are applied to the person, without any medical necessity for which the person did not give a consent previously on one's own free will
- 9. Treats a person amenable to protection under the standards of international humanitarian law in an excruciating way by assaulting him,

### § 13 Infringement of surveillance duty

2. The civilian superior, which allowed an inaction, deliberately or negligently, in exercising of the proper surveillance over people under their command or actual supervision, shall be punished for the infringement of surveillance duty in case a subordinate commits a legal crime, whose imminence could be recognized obviously by the superior and which the latter could prevent.

# Hereby I notify you:

Federal Republic of Germany, as a state-member of the European Union, commits the crime against the standards of international law within the European Union on the German land at the moment, which is described in the International criminal law as follows:

# § 14 Non-disclosure of a crime

1. The civilian superior, which allowed an inaction, in case of the legal deed committed by a subordinate, without bringing it immediately to the relevant investigation and prosecution agencies' notice for such deeds, shall be convicted with the imprisonment for up to 5 years.

# Hereby I urgently notify you:

That each chief of states-members of the European Union, on equal terms, bears the responsibility, as the superior, if the latter allows an inaction and does not bring the crime against the standards of international law within the European Union to the relevant agencies' notice contrary to the standards of the international law.

# Hereby I urgently notify you:

That Federal Republic of Germany, as a state-member of the European Union on the German land, persecuted, at least, 400 000 victims in genocide form, which, according to the eugenics, is described as euthanasia in the living conditions. According to the victims' suggestions, 200 000 victims have already died an unnatural untimely death from this form of genocide. The inhumane living conditions are being induced because of the failure to provide the former underage victims of institutional crimes with guarantees under the standards of international law on an inner-state level, which the victims are supposed to receive pursuant to the various pacts and conventions.

For this group of population, the General Public Prosecutor's Office of Federal Republic of Germany denies the prosecutions of various infringements of the international law. The Parliament, Government of Federal Republic of Germany, and the Grievance Committee thereof refuse providing such a law-statute at the inner-state level, which will provide victims with satisfaction and recovery of their dignity, and eliminate the genocide condition.

Germany does not fulfill the victims' groups requirements of convocation of the special international criminal court. Although, only the special international criminal court is capable to investigate the number of victims in a legally binding way, name the form of the crime, reveal the guilty, and vest the victims right for moral satisfaction.

The resolution of the United Nations Security Council would accelerate the resolution the issue. For that purpose, the victims' group needs a country, a member of the UN. The latter requires information and witnesses about the armed conflict, permanent victims' groups identifiability, forms of crime against the human rights, forced labor, deprivation of right to education, physical and mental violence, sexual abuse and unfair compulsory adoption, as well as a justification of accusation that this victims' group is currently exposed to a genocide in Germany, which is a form of euthanasia. The local German court will never be able to investigate the accusations satisfactorily.

Therefore, the victims' group addressed France and asked formally for assistance. The fact of existence of victims was clearly proven. The request of assistance was delivered to the ambassador of France. Just before the expiration of 90-day term, the victims requested the President of France and the Minister of Foreign Affairs to pay attention to the mentioned appeal for help. Afterwards, the Office of the President of France informed that the relevant issue was delivered to the authority of the Minister of Foreign Affairs.

The victims expected France, at least, would take advantage of the opportunity of reviewing the evidences. It has not happened yet. Most probably, France, by solving the issue, is afraid of worsening of the diplomatic relations with Germany. Nevertheless, no country within the European Union shall be allowed to commit a modern times crime against the standards of international law.

# Therefore, accept my urgent request:

Please exercise your share of superiors' responsibility as the chief of a state-member of the European Union. Explicitly, demand from Germany the establishment of the special International criminal court. Get in touch with France! Support France in making the decision to act as a representative of victims' group and to request from the United Nations Security Council the corresponding resolution. In case of refusal of France to make the decision, either submit the statement to the United Nations Security Council independently or take your duty to sue the crime against the standards of international law by all means.

Once again, I would like to attract your attention to the fact that, hereby, you received the notification about the crime against the standards of international law, which can fall under your responsibility as a head of the state! The issue calls for your action!

Unequivocally, be kind to notify me either about your decision, or how you intend to act, in the German or English language prior to <u>June 15, 2017</u> or submit me a copy of your legal claim to the relevant agencies, which are to prosecute the crime against the standards of international law.

With the great regard to your responsibility and diplomatic talent of your staff, I wish to confide you to influence Germany and France, which is already very much thankworthy from my side.

Yours faithfully,

Frankfurt, 03/15/2017

Robby Basler

Acting as the prosecutor's informer, of the special International Criminal Court to be established, and Chairman of the Board of DEMO e.V. (organization of former underage victims)

Attachments:

- Letter to the French Republic
  - Letter to the ambassador of France
  - Letter to the President of France
  - Petition of assistance
  - Declaration to the UN
  - Libel of the informer of the special International criminal court
  - Letter to the Grievance Committee of the Parliament of Germany
- Note: In case of the legal dispute proceeding from this letter, there is no guarantee for the accuracy of the translation into the English language of this text. The original text in the German language shall be used for solving the disputes.